

If you think you are in danger of "losing it"... take a break

Give yourself a chance to calm down.

- It is better for you to let your baby cry safely in the cot (on their back) whilst you calm down rather than risk shaking him/her in your frustration. Check your baby regularly till you are calm
- Check your "safety plan" (see below) for suggestions
- Call a friend, relative or professional for help, tell them how you feel
- Call a helpline - the numbers are on the back of this brochure

It is being a good parent to know your limits and seek help. It is not a sign of failure.



It's not OK to shake babies

If you think a baby might have been shaken, call triple zero (000) for an ambulance or take the baby to the nearest emergency department as soon as possible. The injury can be life threatening and the baby is at risk of permanent brain damage. Danger signs can include:

- Drowsiness
- Floppiness (decreased muscle tone)
- Shaking (tremors)
- Different breathing or feeding
- Vomiting
- Unequal size or dilated pupils in the eyes
- Skin pale, blue or blotchy (poor circulation)

Help is there for you

Don't be afraid to ask for help. Parent helplines are a great place to start.

Parentline ACT - 02 6287 3833
Parentline NSW - 1300 130 052
Parentline NT - 1300 301 300
Parentline QLD - 1300 301 300
Parent Helpline SA - 1300 364 100
Parenting Line TAS - 1300 808 179
Parentline VIC - 13 22 89
Parenting Line WA - 08 6279 1200 (metro)
1800 654 432 (regional)

Raising Children's Network:
<http://raisingchildren.net.au>

Content consultants:

Dr Sue Packer AM - NAPCAN Board Vice President
Dr Shanti Raman - NAPCAN Board Director
Dr Adam Tomison - NAPCAN Board Director

It's important to have conversations about the dangers of shaking babies and support options with anyone who cares for your child. Give them this brochure - and make sure they read it!

NAPCAN
PREVENT CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT



Prepared by NAPCAN in partnership with Kiwanis.

NAPCAN is Australia's leading organisation for the prevention of child abuse and neglect. For more information visit www.napcan.org.au.

Kiwanis is a global organisation of volunteers dedicated to improving the world one child and one community at a time. For more information visit www.kiwanis.org.au.

It's not OK



to shake babies

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Having a baby and becoming a parent is one of the most wonderful and rewarding experiences in anyone's life. It can also be overwhelming and exhausting. It's a huge responsibility caring for such a tiny, helpless person.

All of us as new parents go through times when we feel frustrated and as if we can't cope. In times when our baby is crying, can't be soothed and sounds very angry, it is NEVER OK to shake babies!

It is important to know that even rough play and angry handling, as well as shaking by an adult, can hurt a baby - actions like tossing in the air and dumping on a bed.

Almost no adults who shake babies mean to hurt them. They are overcome by frustration and often want the baby to be quiet. Other worries and frustrations in life can make matters worse and contribute to the frustration, but this should never be taken out on babies.

Never shake a baby who seems to have stopped breathing - ring 000 for help. New parents and anyone caring for babies should learn first aid for emergencies, a quick response can save lives!



Why is it so dangerous to shake a baby?

Babies have big heads and small bodies with weak necks, so their heads flop around when moved suddenly. Shaking can tear the small blood vessels between their brain and skull and cause bleeding. The soft brain can also bleed and get bruised by bumping onto the skull.

Shaking can lead to brain damage, which can show itself as:

- Unconsciousness
- Fits and epilepsy
- Blindness
- Cerebral palsy
- Speech and learning problems
- Damage to bones and other organs such as liver, heart, kidneys, lungs
- Death

The younger the baby, the greater the risk, but even small children can be seriously injured by shaking.

It is also important to remember these problems can have many other causes.

Why does my baby cry so much?

All babies cry and some cry more than others. Crying is normal and a baby's main way of getting our attention to show that they are uncomfortable. There are many reasons why babies cry, they may be:

- Hungry, tired or needing a nappy change
- Too hot or too cold
- Uncomfortable or in constricting clothes
- Overstimulated (too many visitors?)
- Upset, lonely or frightened
- Unwell or colicky

Tips to calm your baby

If baby has been fed, changed, cuddled and still won't settle you could try the following:

- Gently rub or pat baby
- Walk or rock with baby snuggled up to your chest to feel your heartbeat. A sling or baby carrier can help with this
- Sing, talk or whisper to your baby. This can also help to make you feel calm
- Take baby for a walk in the pram. Getting outdoors can help you both to feel better

Note: If your baby is crying a lot more than usual, they may be unwell. In this case, see your doctor, nurse or hospital straight away

How about making a safety plan?

Being prepared is always helpful. If you have made a plan of what to do when it is all going wrong, it can help when you are in danger of "losing it". Maybe put the plan on the fridge - or on your phone? Things like:

- Ways you have settled your baby previously
- People to ring for help and support
- Things that help you calm down - a cup of tea (not alcohol!), breathing exercises (take a deep breath for four seconds, hold for four seconds, breathe out for six seconds and keep going until you calm down), other things you know calm you - your pet, music, your favourite picture etc

If you are worried that your baby is ill, go to the nearest hospital. Get a friend or neighbour to drive you or call an ambulance. Don't drive when you are distressed. It is too dangerous.